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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.	
09/839,073	04/20/2001	Todd C. Sacktor	13492	2721	
Leopold Presser	7590 12/23/200 r, Esq.	EXAMINER			
SCÛLLY, SCOTT, MURPHY & PRESSER			PAK, MICHAEL D		
400 Garden City Plaza Garden City, NY 11530			ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER	
•				1646	
			MAIL DATE	DELIVERY MODE	
			12/23/2008	PAPER	

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

The time period for reply, if any, is set in the attached communication.

	Application No.	Applicant(s)			
	09/839,073	SACKTOR, TODD C.			
Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit			
	Michael Pak	1646			
The MAILING DATE of this communication ap Period for Reply	opears on the cover sheet with the o	correspondence address			
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY WHICHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAILING IT Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1 after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period. Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statu Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION .136(a). In no event, however, may a reply be tilt d will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from the, cause the application to become ABANDONE	N. mely filed I the mailing date of this communication. ED (35 U.S.C. § 133).			
Status					
Responsive to communication(s) filed on 26 A This action is FINAL . 2b) ☐ Th Since this application is in condition for allowed closed in accordance with the practice under	is action is non-final. ance except for formal matters, pro				
Disposition of Claims					
4) Claim(s) 16-22 is/are pending in the application 4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdress 5) Claim(s) is/are allowed. 6) Claim(s) 16-22 is/are rejected. 7) Claim(s) is/are objected to. 8) Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/	awn from consideration.				
9)☐ The specification is objected to by the Examir	oor				
10) The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a) ac Applicant may not request that any objection to the Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the corre 11) The oath or declaration is objected to by the E	ccepted or b) objected to by the e drawing(s) be held in abeyance. Se ction is required if the drawing(s) is ob	e 37 CFR 1.85(a). ejected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).			
Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119					
 12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f). a) All b) Some * c) None of: 1. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received. 2. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No 3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)). * See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received. 					
Attachment(s) 1) Notice of References Cited (PTO-892) 2) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) 3) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO/SB/08) Paper No(s)/Mail Date	4) Interview Summary Paper No(s)/Mail D 5) Notice of Informal F 6) Other:	ate			

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DETAILED ACTION

Continued Examination Under 37 CFR 1.114

1. A request for continued examination under 37 CFR 1.114, including the fee set forth in 37 CFR 1.17(e), was filed in this application after final rejection. Since this application is eligible for continued examination under 37 CFR 1.114, and the fee set forth in 37 CFR 1.17(e) has been timely paid, the finality of the previous Office action has been withdrawn pursuant to 37 CFR 1.114. Applicant's submission filed on November 26, 2008 has been entered.

Response to Amendment

- 2. Claims 16-22 are examined below. Claims 1-15 have been cancelled.
- 3. Applicant's arguments filed November 26, 2008, have been fully considered but they are not found persuasive.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 112

The following is a quotation of the first paragraph of 35 U.S.C. 112:

The specification shall contain a written description of the invention, and of the manner and process of making and using it, in such full, clear, concise, and exact terms as to enable any person skilled in the art to which it pertains, or with which it is most nearly connected, to make and use the same and shall set forth the best mode contemplated by the inventor of carrying out his invention.

The following is a quotation of the second paragraph of 35 U.S.C. 112:

The specification shall conclude with one or more claims particularly pointing out and distinctly claiming the subject matter which the applicant regards as his invention.

4. Claims 16 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 112, second paragraph, as being indefinite for failing to particularly point out and distinctly claim the subject matter which applicant regards as the invention.

Claim 16 recites the limitation "said neuron" in line 2. There is insufficient antecedent basis for this limitation in the claim.

Claim 16 recites the limitation "said mammalian neuron" in line 4. There is insufficient antecedent basis for this limitation in the claim.

Claim 17 recites the limitation "the neuron" in line 1. There is insufficient antecedent basis for this limitation in the claim.

5. Claims 16-22 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 112, first paragraph, as failing to comply with the written description requirement. The claim(s) contains subject matter which was not described in the specification in such a way as to reasonably convey to one skilled in the relevant art that the inventor(s), at the time the application was filed, had possession of the claimed invention. This is a new matter rejection.

Claim 16 recite "wherein the synaptic transmission comprises long-term potentiation (LTP)" which is new matter because the specification does not disclose the claimed invention. The specification does not disclose the subgeneric claim limitation of a synaptic transmission comprising long term potentiation.

Claim 16 recite "effective to decrease synaptic transmission in said mammalian neuron" which is new matter because the specification does not disclose the claimed

invention. The specification does not disclose the subgeneric claim limitation of decreasing synaptic transmissioin is mammalian neuron.

Claim 17 recite "the neuron is a brain neuron or a spinal cord neuron" which is new matter because the specification does not disclose the claimed invention. The specification does not disclose the claim limitation of long term potentiation with spinal cord neuron. The specification does not disclose the generic claim limitation of long term potentiation with brain neuron. Although the CA1 region is in the brain, the generic concept of all brain neuron is not disclosed.

Claim 18 recite "the contacting of said neuron with with the inhibitor of PKM ς is at the outer surface of said neuron, followed by the entry of said PKM ς inhibitor into the cell" which is new matter because the specification does not disclose the claimed invention. The specification does not disclose the generic claim limitation cited but rather disclose the injection of the inhibitor.

6. Claims 16-22 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 112, first paragraph, as failing to comply with the enablement requirement. The claim(s) contains subject matter which was not described in the specification in such a way as to enable one skilled in the art to which it pertains, or with which it is most nearly connected, to make and/or use the invention.

Applicant claims methods of decreasing neuronal synaptic transmission in a mammalian subject by administering inhibitor protein kinase M zeta (PKMζ). The examples taught in the specification demonstrate only injection of myristoylated pseudo

substrate peptide of SEQ ID NO:4 and chelerythine inhibitor of PKM\(\zeta\) to whole cells in culture using a pipette. There is no actual demonstration that any animal has decreased neuronal synaptic transmission using the techniques disclosed, although the specification teaches at page 14, lines 18-21 that the "principle active ingredient" can be administered at about 0.1 to about 10 nanomolar doses to achieve the desired results. There is no teaching that this amount is indeed necessary and sufficient to achieve decreased neuronal synaptic transmission in any animal. Since PKMζ must cross the blood-brain barrier to achieve its intended effect, there is no demonstration that applicant has achieved any form of a pharmaceutical preparation that would do so. In addition, it is unclear that the disclosed amounts would decrease neuronal synaptic tramsmission in an animal without causing serious unintended consequences. As noted by Oster et al. [Molecular Brain Research 127:79-88 (2004)], the PKCs (protein kinase C) family of if isozymes is complex, with many functions. It is noted at page 80, first column: "PKCs participate in a wide variety of physiological and pathophysiological processes in the brain and the whole organism. The question, however, of specific PKC participation in the different signaling pathways involved in these processes, is far from answered. The broadly overlapping substrate specificities and biochemical properties of the PKC isotypes in vitro, suggesting at least partial enzymatic redundancy in vivo, further complicate this challenge." Regarding PKMζ, Oster et al. state: "The PKMζ protein lacks all these autoinhibitory elements. In fact, once transcribed, the activity of PKMζ seems only to be regulated by protein degradation." Given that the PKMζ protein is only regulated by protein degradation, it is unclear what effect excessive amounts of

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inhibitor of PKMZ may have on physiological processes in the animal that receives this protein in a method to decrease neuronal synaptic transmission. Applicant's own postfiling reference published in 2002 using a Drospophila melanogaster transgenic fly shows enhanced memory when the introduced mouse PKMZ gene was induced in vivo. See Drier et al. [Nature Neuroscience 5(4):316-324 (2002)]. This is not commensurate with administration of exogenous inhibitor of PKMζ, however, and the reference does not teach how one would accomplish decreased neuronal synaptic transmission by simply administering the PKMζ protein to an animal. Further complicating the predictability of applicant's claimed methods, applicant's own prior art published in 1998 demonstrates that transgenic mice with double the expression level of the PKMζ protein demonstrate not only "significantly reduced memory" but "show an increased frequency of neurofibromas." This teaching in the prior art would seriously question the enablement of administering inhibitor PKMζ protein to mice, and possibly all mammals for the purpose of decreasing the neuronal synaptic transmission. See Barad et al. [Society for Neuroscience Abstracts 24(1-2): p328, abstract no. 131.14 (1998)].

Furthermore, claims are drawn to decreasing synaptic transmission in all brain neurons and spinal cord neurons. However, the long term potentiation has been taught only in CA1 region of the brain. Thus it would require undue experimentation to discover all the neurons claimed which comprises long term potentiation characteristics.

1. No claims are allowed.

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2. Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the

examiner should be directed to Michael Pak whose telephone number is 571-272-0879.

The examiner can normally be reached on 8:00 - 2:00.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's

supervisor, Gary Nickol can be reached on 571-272-0835. The fax phone number for

the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 703-872-9306.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the

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you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic

Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free).

/Michael Pak/

Primary Examiner, Art Unit 1646

December 19, 2008